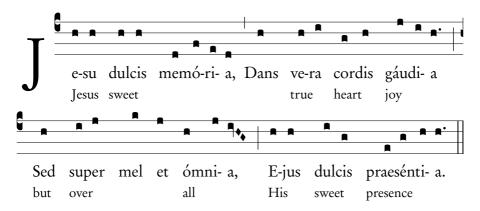
Jesu dulcis memoria

Jesu dulcis memoria is attributed to St. Bernard of Clairvaux (1090–1153). There are around 42–53 verses depending on the manuscript. The Church uses the poem for the Feast of the Holy Name of Jesus. She divides it into three parts, Jesu dulcis memoria, Jesu Rex admirabilis and Jesu decus angelicum, for Vespers, Matins and Lauds respectively.



Many are hesitant to try reading the traditional notation above. Not many schools teach how to read it so it remains a stumbling block. A straight translation into modern notation is a little tricky as the whole concept of timing is quite different between the two, but here's my uneducated take on the task. This is how it sounds to me.



Je-su dulcis memori-a Dans ve-ra cordis gaudi-a Sed



Translations

Fr. Edward Caswall (1814–1887) has translated many hymns. He is associated with the Oxford Movement along with Cardinal Newman and Mgr. Ronald Knox.

Hymn for Vespers

Vespers is sung as the day closes and everyone comes together to prepare the evening meal and make a welcoming place for people to find rest after a long day's work.

IESU, dulcis memoria, dans vera cordis gaudia, sed super mel et omnia, eius dulcis praesentia.

Nil canitur suavius, nil auditur iucundius, nil cogitatur dulcius, quam Iesus Dei Filius. JESU, the very thought of Thee, with sweetness fills my breast, but sweeter far Thy face to see, and in Thy presence rest.

Nor voice can sing, nor heart can frame, nor can the memory find a sweeter sound than Thy blest Name, o Savior of mankind!.

Iesu, spes paenitentibus, quam pius es petentibus! quam bonus te quaerentibus! sed quid invenientibus?

Nec lingua valet dicere, nec littera exprimere: expertus potest credere, quid sit Iesum diligere.

Sis, Iesu, nostrum gaudium, qui es futurus praemium: sit nostra in te gloria, Amen.

O hope of every contrite heart o joy of all the meek, to those who fall, how kind Thou art! how good to those who seek!

But what to those who find? Ah this nor tongue nor pen can show: the love of Jesus, what it is none but His loved ones know.

Jesu, our only joy be Thou, As Thou our prize wilt be: Jesu, be Thou our glory now, per cuncta semper saecula. And through eternity. Amen.

Hymn for Matins

Matins is sometimes called Vigils. It is said in the middle of the night or thereabouts. The name comes from the word for morning.

IESU, Rex admirabilis et triumphator nobilis, dulcedo ineffabilis, totus desiderabilis.

O JESUS, King most wonderful! Thou Conqueror renowned! Thou Sweetness most ineffable! in whom all joys are found!

Quando cor nostrum visitas, tunc lucet ei veritas, mundi vilescit vanitas, et intus fervet caritas.

When once Thou visitest the heart, then truth begins to shine; then earthly vanities depart; then kindles love divine.

Iesu, dulcedo cordium, fons vivus, lumen mentium, excedens omne gaudium et omne desiderium.

O Jesu! Light of all below! Thou font of life and fire! surpassing all the joys we know, and all we can desire.

Iesum omnes agnoscite, amorem eius poscite; Iesum ardenter quaerite, quaerendo inardescite.

Te nostra, Iesu, vox sonet, nostri te mores exprimant; te corda nostra diligant Amen.

May every heart confess Thy name, and ever Thee adore; and seeking Thee, itself inflame to seek Thee more and more.

Thee may our tongues for ever bless; Thee may we love alone; and ever in out lives express et nunc, et in perpetuum. the image of Thine own. Amen.

Hymn for Lauds

Lauds is sung at daybreak, rising in the dark, greeting the first light of dawn with prayer and praises.

IESU, decus angelicum, in aure dulce canticum, in ore mel mirificum, in corde nectar caelicum.

O JESUS, Thou the beauty art of Angel worlds above! Thy name is music to the heart, enchanting it with love!

Qui te gustant, esuriunt, qui bibunt, adhuc sitiunt; desiderare nesciunt, nisi Iesum, quem diligunt. Celestial sweetness unalloyed! who eat Thee hunger still, who drink of Thee still feel a void which naught but Thou canst fill!

O Iesu mi dulcissime, spes suspirantis animae! Te quaerunt piae lacrimae, Te clamor mentis intimae.

O my sweet Jesus! hear the sighs which unto Thee I send! to Thee my inmost spirit cries my being's hope and end!

Mane nobiscum, Domine, et nos illustra lumine; Pulsa mentis caligine,

Stay with us, Lord, and with Thy light illume the soul's abyss;

Mundum reple dulcedine. scatter the darkness of our night and fill the world with bliss.

Iesu, flos Matris Virginis, amor nostrae dulcedinis, our life and joy! to Thee be praise, beatitude and power, regnum beatitudinis. Amen. O Jesu! spotless Virgin flower! our life and joy! to Thee be praise, beatitude and power, through all eternity! Amen.

Thanks for those words go to Michael Martin and his Thesaurus Precum Latinarum http://www.preces-latinae.org

Vernacular versions

Looking through hymnbooks its hard to find an authoritative tune for the English version. Since there is no clear winner and there are three sets of words, I'll take this opportunity to present three different arrangements.

The plainchant comes tantalisingly close to matching Fr. Caswall's english. With a few slurred notes here's what we get.



in Thy pre sence rest. Sa of kind. viour man seek! who good those to but His loved know. ones through ni e ter ty.

Each hymnbook I looked at gave different tunes for the same words. Not one sounded familiar to me. Here is my favourite of the old tunes out of copyright. It is an English tune called Mendip.



joys we know, and all we can de - sire. self in - flame to seek Thee more and more. lives ex - press the i - mage of Thine own.

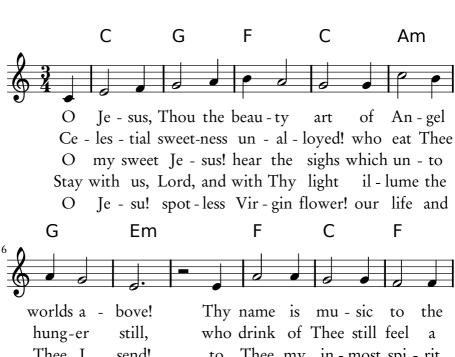
love

di - vine.

ties de - part; then kin - dles

There was another favourite tune called St. Botolph. It was in 3/4 time. I thought maybe I could make up my own tune, but after many

attempts came to realise I was attempting to reinvent the wheel. The tune that I was fishing for turned out to be a Christmas carol from a Maddy Prior album. The name is "This Endris Night" and it fits the meter of Fr. Caswall's translation beautifully. The lilting melody goes well with the yearning of the text.



Thee I send! soul's a byss; joy! to Thee

Thee my in - most spi - rit scat - ter the dark-ness of our be praise, be - a - ti-tude and



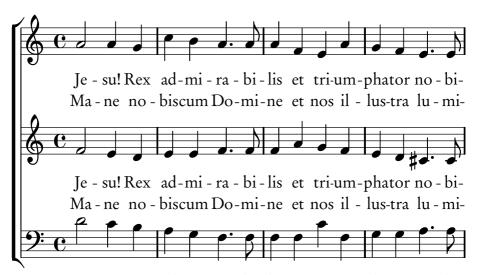
Jesu Rex admirabilis is famous in its polyphonic setting by Giovanni Pierluigi da Palestrina (1525?–1594)

Jesu! Rex admirabilis

St. Bernard of Clairvaux

SAB

G. P. da Palestrina



Je - su! Rex ad-mi - ra - bi - lis et tri-um-phator no - bi-Ma - ne no - biscum Do-mi-ne et nos il - lus-tra lu - mi-

men-tis ca - li - gine, mundum re-ple dul-



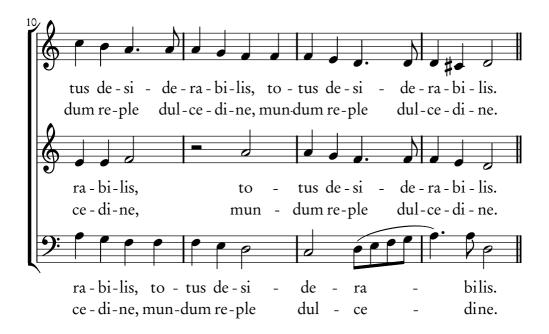
File may be freely copied and distributed.

pul - sa

ne

brandt.id.au

2 SAB



O Jesus, King most wonderful! Thou Conqueror renowned! Thou Sweetness most ineffable! in whom all joys are found! Stay with us, Lord, and with Thy light illume the soul's abyss; scatter the darkness of our night and fill the world with bliss.

Translation into English by Fr. Edward Caswall (1814-1887)